Richmond Dispatch.

MONDAY JANUARY 25, 1875.

BETTHE CIRCULATION OF THE DIS-PATCH IS LARGER THAN THE COMBINED CIRCULATION OF ALL THE OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPERS OF THE CITY.

THE WEATHER On Saturday was clear, cool end pleasant.

eter at the Dispatch office Range of Therme January 23, 1875.

[For the Dispatch.] No. 4.

Is Virginia Bankrupt? I have endeavored to show in the preced

opers that the power of Virginia i v augmenting day by day, and that the er which is propelling her is the force of natural laws, above and beyond the mere contrivances of men's wits.

These laws have operated and will operate time among all people. They may be ded in their direction, but given the state of things, in any age, in any coun try, and the same results will follow.

state it in a general way, it would b freezien work more productively than : that free labor produces competition that competition reduces profits and di property more equally through society selety changes from the protective or feudal, system to the free or comsystem the change produces great and pain. Those arrangements we been fixed for generations must sken up and new ones made to suit the But notwithstanding this sufciety at large is being benefited, omierts and protections of law are

ag more widely diffused. andition of France under Louis XV ant Elustration of this. Art, literait social cultivation were developed height never since surpassed. The its of the court and of the nobility were rotuse luxury and self-indulgence. The of the people, rural and urban, were at down by regulations of the greatest seity. The seigneurial rights of lord over of were greater than any master over any in later times in Christendom. Bu his system crushed out the productive ower of France. She was subject to fames, pestilence, and commotions, Large tracts of land lay waste for lack of cultivation, and many of her peasants starved to death or dragged out a miserable existence by enting boiled nettles and such refuse sub

The Revolution broke up all this, emane paired the seris, and to a large extent divided and among the former laborers by the effects of its laws. Yet, not withstanding the the Republic and the First Empire from 1750 to 1815), the waste of the materie of France, the consumption of her young men in battle, the destruction of the labor necessary to till the fields, no sooner was pere restored to the coun'ry than the operation and effect of the new system of property and labor was seen and felt.

country in Europe, unless it is Italy unthe new distribution of property now ar on there; and this division of property sduced an activity and energy of proin unprecedented on that continent. Under the Second Empire there was mis vernment and waste, a standing army of a ion, and another million of office-holders re supported by the labor of the people But, nevertheless, France was the richest

is a larger percentage of small pr

ors among the landholders there than in

untry in Europe, estimating the per capita tribution of property. When President Thiers called for a loan o one thousand millions of dollars to pay the German indemnity the subscriptions to it in town and country exceeded four thousand millions of dollars. And a very large proportion of this subscription was from the mall property-holders, representing the

carnings and savings of their labor.

The assessments and valuations of proerty in Virginia prior to 1860 were so surticial that they give no idea of the real andition of the wealth of the country. The assessments since 1866, I suppose, are no more reliable, and therefore I have only used them for the purpose of comparison to demonstrate the relative condition of affairs at those two periods of time.

All assessments of all property are unretable. Property seeks to evade contribution to public expenses, and succeeds in its effort to a large extent.

Thus, prior to 1868 the total personal property in the State of New York was assessed at \$425,000,000. But, in the Constitutional Convention of that State held in that year, Mr. Pierrepont, a member, stated that he could name thirty citizens whose aggregate more than the whole assessed value of all the personal property in the State. The commissioners to revise the laws for the asessment and collection of taxes by the General Assembly of that State in 1870 simuted that not over fifteen per cent, of Massachusetts and Connecticut, where the laws for assessment are rigid and rigidly enforced, from thirty-three to forty per cent.

escaped assessment.

Taking the experience of these States where the subjects of assessment and equal taxation have received and are now receiving great attention, it would seem fair to infer that not more than one-half of the personal property of Virginia appears on the assessors' rolls. Instead of her personal property new being \$85,000,000, it is much nearer ever they buy a pound of coffee or a yard of \$170,000,000. And if, as the assessments calico. show, her personal property has increased | from \$52,000,000 in 1866 to \$85,000,000 in 1873, then her real estate must have It is impossible for personal procountry without real estate responding by a like appreciation. Now, either the assessment of personal property is false, and shows more property than we have, - and if it does that is hauled in on a railway; it is incorpoit is the only assessment of personal property ever made that did so overestimate itor else the valuations of real estate do not

show the true condition of that species of There are temporary local reasons now depressing the value of Virginia and southern lands-to wit, the abundance of them and the scarcity of population; but one thing is certain, their actual productive value is not decreasing. It must be growing

greater, just as personal property accumu-I have endeavored to indicate the manner in which this State is being resuscitated. This is neither the time nor place to suggest specific measures which will aid it. They must be devised by the constituted authoriis injuring every interest of the State far more than the most onerous taxation could ssibly do. Go to the markets for money--London, New York, Baltimore-and ask for lington Star. capital to be invested in a Virginia enterprise, and you are met by the constant answer that they will not invest nor loan

money in a bankrupt State. The people of Virginia pay every year more in the insensible taxation arising from loss of credit than the whole annual interest on the public debt. Capital shuns us, and therefore interest on money is high, and every industry of the State feels and pays for that high interest. It can be demonstrated that the attacks on the funding bill in the Legislature in 1872-773 cost the State more than the entire debt, by actual shrinkage and depreciation of property caused by those futile and foolish astempts at repudiation. Among some badly-informed persons there appears to be a notion that the bond- of dried Confederacy."

DAILY DISPATCH.

VOL. XLVII.

nolders are the people mainly interested in this question of Virginia State credit. There never was a more fallacious idea as to twothirds of them. They take little interest in the matter. They sell their coupons, and rest secure that some day everything will come right. They have asked for no conferences, and have attended none. They never desired nor applied for the first settlement of the debt question made in 1866; nor the second final settlement made by the funding bill in 1871; nor the third final setlement made in 1872; nor the fourth final settlement proposed by the Governor in 1874; nor in the fifth, sixth, seventh, nor eighth final and conclusive never-to-be-disturbed compromises and arrangements which will be proposed by over-sanguine financiers hereafter. They go along their own way disturbing nobody, and by nobody disturbed. But the Virginia bondholder is moving to Virginia. He is becoming naturalized, and he proposes to live here; for the Virginia people are steadily investing their savings in Virginia bonds-in taxreceivable coupon bonds. This movement has been going on for over two years. A leading Baltimore banking-house told me they had sent \$60,000 to one county in Virginia alone, and that in suras of a few thousand dollars each. Their orders for investment from Virginia have steadily increased. Such is also the experience of the Richmond

bankers and brokers. If this movement goes on, and I see no reason why it should not accelerate, it will not be long before the mass of the debt is owned by our own people. The result of this will be that the debt will be no drain, the interest will be paid at home, and the savings of the State will every year become larger, because all she takes out of one pocket as taxes she will pay into the other as interest on the public debt.

It seems to be clear that the experience of the last ten years ought to have taught us something; and if there is any lesson to be drawn from it, it is that it is neither cheap nor wise to attempt to shirk our present difficulty nor to evade payment of our debts. For ten years great power in The State has been exerted in the way of postponements of settlements. Stay-laws, long-credit sales, probibition of sale without valuation prices, are obtained, and the most cumbrous ma-chinery to prevent creditors from enforcing their rights have been devised. And I assert they have ruined one hundred debtors where they have helped one. The debtor is no better off, for his debt is increased by natural growth. But he is broken down in spirit and heart; the prime of his life is gone not in a manly struggle against bardship, but in a repining and waiting for something to turn up, and his energies are sapped. He has lost his life in waiting, when a straight, manly settlement ten years ago would have given

him ten years of fresh, vigorous life. This policy has kept a large body of lands in the hands of debtors who could never by any possibility pay for them, and who, therefore, have had no valuable interest in them. They have bad neither capital, nor credit, nor energy, for they knew that by no effort of theirs could they pay their debts. In this way development has been checked. It will fairly show itself when these old debts are closed out-when the lands are held by peo- Colonel Robert E. Withers, John F. Regple who have really an interest in improving nault, Abraham Gunst, W. A. Burk, Dr. them, and who are impelled by the motive Peterfield Trent, Peyton S. Coles, Captain power of self-interest to be industrious, fru- William C. Carrington, John L. Roper, I. gal, and intelligent. This process of settle- S. Tower, Edward McCarthy, R. S. Chew, ment is slow because the debtor class in the main possess political power, and they pre- ter the adjournment of the Association a vent the sale of lands and the settlement of meeting of the directors was held, when Mr. it surely even if it does so slowly.

I believe every thoughtful man in the State, and a very large majority of everybody else, knows that this stay-law, procrastination theory and practice has done infinite harm, and has done no one good: that it has destroyed hundreds where it has helped one; and that it would have been far better to have forced settlements of all old accounts as rapidly as possible, or as the parties themselves would have been willing to have forced them. But this is precisely the same policy that is being now pursued as to the State debt. It will be paid. There the Police Justice on Saturday and sent on is no doubt of that. Virginia will just as soon repudiate the memory of all her great deeds, and all her great sons, as she will renounce her great name and position in history, and acknowledge that she has been effects of a four-years' war. There is no more possibility that this energetic, thriving, sugacious people will perpetrate so suicidal and senseless an act than that they will deliberately renounce their love of liberty and of right. There are many men who would be glad to get Virginia to do it, but they are men whose misfortunes have rendered their

position unhappy and hopeless. Young, robust, ardent, sanguine Virginia s not going to sacrifice the great treasure of State credit-a treasure from which they know they can always draw in any urgent necessity or for any great enterprise-without consideration and without reason. They know that credit is necessary to constitute a wealth exceeded \$450,000,000, or \$25,000,000 that it is preserved intact to Virginia. They great and powerful State, and they will see are not now paying much attention to the croakings, and groanings, and advisings that are being lavished on them by those invalids who believe the State is afflicted with the same maladies which are rendering their own lives burthens. They are at work athe personal property was taxed, and that in tending to their own business. They will see to the Stare-credit business in time. But I desire merely to suggest: Will it not be better for the State-better for the debtor and unfortunate, broken-down citizens in the State-to stand up at once to such measures as will revive State credit?

As I have suggested, the bondholder has very little interest in the matter. He is very safe as to his tax-receivable coupons. But the farmer, the mechanic, the laboring man, each one of them feels this burthen when-

The merchant borrows money to use it his business. He pays higher interest on it because he lives in Virginia. This extra increased. It could not have diminished. rate of interest he puts on sugar, on coffee, on calico, on whatever he sells or the counshow a steady increase in a tryman buys; and the land and the laborer pay the tax which is thus levied on Virginia on account of her loss of credit.

This tax comes into the State on every car rated with every cent's worth of goods bought outside and sold within it; and it is deducted from every pound of tobacco, barrel of flour, bushel of corn, or any produce raised in Virginia and sold beyond her borders. It increases the price of every article Virginia buys and sells, and diminishes the proceeds of everything she sells.

It would therefore seem wise, or it may even be selfish, in us all to reëstablish State credit solely for our own advantage, without regard to obligations of honor or the dictates B. T. J.

How to PRONOUNCE IT .- As the Senate committee have fixed upon "Pembina" as of Public Interests relative to the tobacco the name of the new Territory proposed to thes. But it is not inappropriate to suggest be formed out of the northern part of Dakothat the present prostration of public credit ta, on account of its euphony, it may be interesting to the public to know that the word is pronounced as if spelled Pembi-naw. There is nothing like starting right .- Wash-

That is to say, Pem'by-naw.

There is a swindler travelling through Pennsylvania who repre a Government officer, and frightens people into the belief that he is authorized to search their premises for counterfeit money. He secured \$2,000 in that way from a widowed lady who had just sold her farm, for which she received a large sum, and out of which the fellow picked the \$2,000 and condemned it as counterfeit. He was afterwards cap-tured and made to disgorge, and only escaped a coat of tar and feathers by giving his

captors the slip. They call A. H. Stephens "Ninety pounds for some time past, was completed on Satur-

LOCAL MATTERS.

SINGULAR DISAPPRARANCE OF A CITIZEN OF HENRICO-WAS HE FOULLY DEALT WITH?-Mention has already been made of the mysterious disappearance of John Parks, who has resided in the county of Henrico since the close of the war, but since the publication, although diligent search has been made for him, as yet there are no traces of his whereabouts.

Mr. Parks was a North Carolinian, and formerly lived in the neighborhood of General Ransom's farm on the Roanoke river below Weldon. Up to the time of his disappearance he resided near Darbytown, on the Central road about ten miles from Richmond At one time he worked upon Dr. Johnson's farm, but more recently at Mr. J. K. Fussell's where he was employed nearly all of last summer. He left Mr. Fussell's about six weeks ago with three dollars, which that gentleman had paid him on account of his wages, leaving about thirty-seven dollars still due, and went to a grocery store on the road to Richmond not far from his former home. Upon reaching the store he fell in with friends and commenced drinking and target-

practicing. Here he remained all day, became very drunk, and finally laid down and went to sleep. After getting over the effects of the liquor, he swoke and commenced drinking again. He finally left the store in the afternoon in debt about eighty cents, and is supposed to have gone to the house of a German named Miller, who had been an associate. Fires in the woods, however, indicated that he had not gone to Miller's. At one of these fires there was evidence which went far to prove that Parks had been there, for a piece of chalk which was known to have been in his possession was found on the ground. Since then nothing has been heard Mr. Fussell is of the opinion that Parks would certainly have returned to his place, if for no other reason than to get his

money. Justice Jacob S. Atlee was placed in pos session of the facts, and summoned all the neighborhood evidence be could in order to solve the mystery and relieve the anxiety of Parks's friends. He ordered the woods to be scoured and all the wells to be examined, but all to no purpose; and up to this writing nothing more has been heard of him than is here detailed. The Justice states that he is not in the possession of information which would justify him in making any arrests, and until there are further developments can only continue the line of search which has already been instituted. He says it is possible that Parks may have gone to North Carolina, and if so, hopes that he or his friends will without delay notify him of the fact. This appeal is not only intended for that quarter, but he insists that if there is any one either in this vicinity or elsewhere in possession of information which will lead to a solution of the mystery that it be forthwith sent to the authorities at the county court-house.

VIRGINIA MASONIC WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' Home.-At the last meeting of the Association of the Virginia Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home the following gentlemen were elected directors of the Masonic Home: J. B. Dupuy, H. C. Stevens, A. S. Lee. Af- Bland. old debt;; but the lapse of time will make John F. Regnault was elected vice-president and Dr. Peterfield Trent secretary and treasurer. Mr. B. T. August was appointed to solicit subscriptions in the city of Richmond in behalf of the Home, and Major James H. Capers was appointed to obtain subscriptions at large in the State of Virginia for the same purpose.

CHARGED WITH THIEVING BEFORE THE PO-LICE COURT .- James Cary (colored), charged with breaking and entering the storehouse of Mr. Charles L. Todd and stealing one lot of bags of the value of \$6, was examined by to the Hustings Court for indictment. Albert W. Rush (colored), charged with

stealing one lot of tobacco from Knight & Mayo, also with receiving one lot of stolen tobacco, was examined, and the evidence not he was discharged.

John Cross (colored), charged with stealing one cocoanut of the value of ten cents, the property of C. Pattie, was sent to jail for fifteen days.

Sam. McIntyre (colored), charged with being a common thief and vagrant, was committed to jail for sixty days in default of surety in the sum of \$50.

CHARGED WITH GETTING GOODS ON FALSE PRETENCES .- M. T. Coleman, charged with unlawfully embezzling and converting to his own use the sum of \$50, the property of Thomas H. Harris, was before the Police Justice Saturday. Coleman was clerk for Harris, and collected various bills aggregating over \$50, for which he made no return. He is held under the "embezzling act," which was passed at the last session of the General Assembly. Because of the absence of important witnesses the case was continued until Wednesday. Accused was committed to jail.

THE NEW STEEPLE.—The carpenters' work thodist church is nearly done, and in a few days the painters will commence operations. The steeple is much improved, and when completed will be one of the neatest and most striking in the city. It will be twenty feet higher than the old one, and will resemble that of St. Paul's church.

ADDRESS PRINTED AND CIRCULATED .- The address to the people of Virginia in behalf of the State Agricultural Society prepared by Colonel W. C. Knight, president, has been neatly printed in pamphlet form and circulated among the members of the General Assembly and sent out to the farmers and others of the State generally. It is quite an interesting paper, and will no doubt be read with pleasure by all.

PERSONAL .- Mr. Thomas U. Dudley has gone to Baltimore to attend the consecration services of his son, Rev. Thomas U. Dudley, Jr., recently elected Assistant Bishop of

Kentucky. The Mayor of Huntington and several members of the Council of that city are expected to arrive in Richmond in a day or two on an official visit to our city.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. - The Board of Al dermen will meet this afternoon at 5 o'clock. They will probably, among other things, consider the resolutions introduced by General Bradley T. Johnson in the Common Council last Monday in respect to the Louis iana usurpation, and the report of the Board question.

SAMPLE-MERCHANTS' CASES .- P. F. Partlett, charged with violating the sample-merchants' law, was discharged by the Police Justice on Saturday. Henry Molg and Charles W. Hopkins, charged with the same offence, were sent on to the grand jury.

WIFE-BEATER FINED,-Henry Wilson (co-\$2,50 for slapping his wife, which privileg he exercised without authority of law.

THE OLD CITY HALL .- A force of hands are busily engaged in removing the debris of the old City Hall building, which work, by order of the City Council, is to be completed by the 1st of February, 1875.

ASPHALT PAVEMENT FINISHED .- The asphalt pavement on Shockoe slip, upon which a force of hands has been at work day morning about 11 o'clock.

RICHMOND, VA., MONDAY, JANUARY 25, 1875. ELECTION AND QUALIFICATION OF COUNTY | ROBBERS CAUGHT .- Saturday evening

which has been ordered to be engrossed and corner of Eleventh and Canal streets, disco now comes up on its passage in the Senate, chosen at the same time, and serve six years. It shall be the duty of each county judge,

thereafter, to appoint for each county in believe that Allen is the party who made which he holds his court one county surveyor and one superintendent of the poor provided that the judge may, if he think proper, reject such recommendation and fill said offices by his own appointment. Said thieves. officers shall enter upon the discharge of their dulies on 1st of July.

In each magisterial district of the State the poor, who shall serve for two years. Section 7 of the bill provides that all of-

their election, and shall continue to discharge until their successors shall have qualified.

RE-ARRANGEMENT OF THE CIRCUITS OF THE TATE. - The bill recently reported from the House Committee for Courts of Justice proposes to divide the State into twentyone judicial circuits, to be arranged as fol

1st. Princess Anne, Norfolk, Nansemond. and Isle of Wight, and the cities of Norfolk and Portsmouth. 2d. Dinwiddie, Prince George, Sussex,

Greensville, and Southampton, and the city of Petersburg. 3d, Prince Edward, Nottoway, Lunen burg, Brunswick, and Mecklenburg.

4th. Pittsylvania, Halifax, and Charlotte and the town of Danville. 5th. Bedford, Campbell, Amherst, Nelson Appomatton, and the city of Lynchburg. 6th. Albemarle, Fluvanna, Culpeper

Madison, Greene, and Orange. 7th. Henrico and the city of Richmond. Sth. Elizabeth City, York, Warwick, James City, and city of Williamsburg, and the counties of New Kent, Charles City, and

9th. Lancaster, Northumberland, thews, Middlesex, Gloucester, King liam, Essex, and King and Queen. 10th, Westmoreland, Spotsylvania, Caro line, Hanover, King George, Richmond Louisa, and Stafford.

Rappahannock, and Alexandria, and the city of Alexandria. 12th. Frederick, Clarke, Warren, an Loudoun.

11th. Fauquier, Fairfax, Prince William

13th. Augusta, Rockbridge, Bath, High land, and Alleghany. 14th. Botetourt, Montgomery, Roanoke and Craig.

15th. Carroll, Wythe, Giles, Pulaski, and Grayson. 16th. Smyth, Tazewell, Buchanan, and

17th. Accomac and Northampton. 18th. Wise, Scott, Russell, Lee, and Wash-

ington. 19th. Franklin, Floyd, Patrick, and Henry 20th. Chesterfield, Powhatan, Amelia, Cumberland, Goochland, and Buckingham. 21st. Rockingham, Page, and Shenandoah. It is proposed that the salary of each judge shall be \$2,000 per annum, except the judge of the Richmond circuit, who shall have \$2,300, and the judge of the Accomac and Northampton district, who shall have \$1,500.

WILD FOWL .- A bill is pending in the State Senate to amend.certain sections of the Code of Virginia to prevent the destruction of wild fowl. The protection is extended to the county of Henrico and other counties, and the bill, if passed, will provide that if any person (except from the land) shall shoot at or kill wild fowl during the night within this State, or if any person shall from a skiff, bankrupted and utterly broken down by the being sufficient to justify his being sent on float, or battery, (the word battery being one of the amendments,) or by the aid thereof, within the jurisdiction of the county of Henrico, (or other counties named in the house. About a year ago Mrs. Martini had bill,) whether in the night or daytime, shoot a similar experience, and she kept the babe at or kill wild fowl, he may be convicted then left and cared for it with the utmost thereof and fined not less than \$50 nor more tenderness, but it died. The party who left than \$100, and shall surrender his gun and the last one doubtless presumed it would any such skiff, float, or battery, and the same also have a home with her, but is disapshall be forfeited to the Commonwealth. If pointed. he fail to surrender them he shall be committed to jail for thirty days. If any nonresident of this State shall in like manner violate said act he may be convicted, fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$200, and numbers and in soldierly attainments, was shall surrender his gun, &c. If he fails to inspected by Lieutenant-Colonel Whitehead surrender them he may be imprisoned thirty and Adjutant Starke at the Old Market Hall days. The penalty in the present law in on Saturday night. case of non-resident or resident is not so severe as is proposed in the bill now before

> the Senate. CONVEYANCES OF REAL ESTATE for the week ending January 23, 1875: Lots fronting: 55 feet on Twenty-fifth street between M and N for \$344; 523 feet on Main street, corner of Ninth, for \$35,000 upon the new spire of the Broad-Street Me- 44 feet on Seventeenth street near Marshal for \$1,980; 762 feet on Marshall street, corner of Nineteenth, and 991 feet on Marshall street near Nineteenth, for \$2,600; 30 feet on Belvidere street near High for \$210; 30 feet on Belvidere street near High for \$188; 25 feet on Pleasants street for \$5; 30 feet on street near Williams street for \$220; 23 feet on Seventeenth street between Brown and Page for \$625; 66 feet on Franklin street between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth for \$1; 33 feet on Clay street between Twenty-

sixth and Twenty-seventh for \$300. DISTRICT DEPUTY GRAND CHANCELLORS .-The Grand Chancellor of the Knights of The Grand Chancellor of the Knights of the House of Delegates the name of the pa-Pythias has appointed the following Deputy tron of each bill introduced is printed Grand Chancellors: District 1, A. C. Atkisson; District 2, John C. Teller; District 3, W. L. Zimmer; District 4, John D. Blackwell; District 5, James Bamberger; District 6, W. J. Points; District 7, J. W. Morton; District 9, E. A. Outton; District 10, Milton Harding; District 11, not appointed; District 12 (Germania), C. T. Læhr.

NEEDS ATTENTION.-The condition o Brook avenue is such as to need the attention of the proper authorities at once. A culvert was laid upon this thoroughfare last year, and the earth which was taken from the excavation was piled up when the culvert was filled in, and the street is now so bad that vehicles passing along the avenue are liable to be seriously injured.

THE SCHEME OF THE ANTI-FUNDERS .- It has transpired that the anti-funders at their last | William Morton, Market street, Petersburg, conference, in addition to the business already reported by us, resolved that the present rate of taxation ought not to be in creased, and that they would support a measure to allow tax-payers who pay their bills in currency a deduction of twenty per cent.

LECTURES BY REV. DR. MAYER.-Rev. Dr. Mayer, rabbi of Har Sinai Temple, Lexing- Saturday, and was ordered to receive twenton street, Baltimore, will shortly deliver ty-five lashes and sent to jail for twelve lored) Saturday paid to the Police Court two lectures at Assembly Hall, in this city. months. His alleged confederates were dis-Subjects: "Shylock" and "The Crucifixion | charged. of Jesus of Nagareth."

Wren was admitted to bail on Saturday by Judge Guigon in the sum of \$1.000. Messrs. was continued in the Mayor's Court Satur-JOHN WREN ADMITTED TO BAIL .- John John McCormick and William M. Ledley be-came his sureties.

day until to-day. The accused was bailed in the sum of \$300. came his sureties.

Columbus and Americus Vespucius have Buck Hill plan, for \$3.25 per foot; also a farm been purchased for the State Library. They of fifty-two acres near this city to Mr. George are said to be the work of a good artist, Munn for \$1,800.

OFFICERS.—Senate bill to provide for the about 8:30 o'clock Mr. Joseph Schutte, son of election and qualification of county officers, Mr. Richard Schutte, who keeps a grocery vered concealed in the back yard a colored provides in substance that on the fourth man named Clinton Allen. He was fired at Thursday in May, 1875, and every fourth year | by Mr. Joseph Schutte, and though not hit thereafter, sheriffs, attorneys for the Com- was made to surrender. It was found that monwealth, commissioners of the revenue, be had entered the premises by pulling a he had entered the premises by pulling a and county treasurers, shall be chosen by the plank off the fence in the rear. He qualified voters of the respective counties. was delivered, to Sergeaut Hall, and clerks of county and circuit courts shall be on his way to the station-house behaved very badly, and compelled Sergeant Hall to administer to him a rebuke with his club.

friend, and to tender to the family of the deceased the earnest of our sincere and heartfelt sympathy. its organization in 1869, and a warm and zealous supporter of our enterprise during all the interupon the recommendation of the board of Three recent attempts have been made to supervisors of his county, at the June term enter Mr. Schutte's store, the latest on Thursadjutor, at once firm in his resolves, frank, generof his court, 1875, and every fourth year day night last. The officers are inclined to ous, and upright. those unsuccessful ventures. He will be before the Police Justice this morning, and railroad) und r the most trying circumstances, he will be entitled to receive the summary puncontributed freely of his time, of his means, and of ishment that is now being dealt out to all his influence.

During Christmas week several men went

into the store of A. J. Miller, on Cary street between Seventh and Eighth, knocked Mil-(formerly townships) there shall be elected at ler down and choked his wife, and carried the general election in May, 1875, and every off a lot of shirts and other goods. William second year thereafter, one supervisor, one Booker (colored) was arrested Saturday night constable, three justices, and one overseer of by Captain Disney and Sergeant Hall, and was fully identified as one of the offenders. Jim Mack (colored) was arrested about 10 ficers, whether elected or appointed under o'clock Saturday night by Sergeant Folkes this act, shall enter upon the duty of their and Policeman Hulce, charged with enteroffices on the 1st of July next succeeding ing the storehouse of Charles L. Todd, with James Cary, and steeling a lot of bags. Mack the duties thereof after their terms expire is also charged with stealing a coat, the proproperty of Mr. Brown, clerks for Mr. Todd. perty of Mr. Burfoot, and a pair of pants, the

SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS, SATURDAY .--Manchester Cotton Mills vs. The Town of Manchester. Partly argued by Frank W. Christian, Esq., for the appellants, and Messrs. Logan and Bransford for the appelee, and continued until Tursday.

Virginia Fire and Marine Insurance Company vs. Kloeber. Writ of superseders awarded to a judgment of the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond.

CHANCERY COURT OF RICHMOND, SATUR-DAY-Judge E. H. Filzhugh presiding .- The following cases were disposed of: Wilson vs. Hill, &c. Decree making a partial disposition of the fund.

Wooldridge's administrator vs. Akers, &2 Decree directing investment of the fund now on'hand and bereafter to accrue, and directing further that the administrator settle his accounts before a commissioner of this court. Cox vs. Mayo, &c. Decree in accordance with the opinion of the court dismissing the plaintiff's bill with costs.

Blackwell, trustee, vs. Sizer, &z. Decree confirming report, of commissioner and making a final disposition of the whole fund in the cause. Clendening's executor vs. Hoyer, &c. Hover, &c. vs. Clendening's executor, &c.;

Clendening vs. Hoyer, &c. Decree confirming report made pursuant to former decree and making a partial disposition of the fund in the hands of the receiver. A MAN WHO LEFT AN ORDER FOR HIS GRAVE TO BE Dug. - An old citizen, who was on a spree and in a very disconsolate condition,

went to the Second station-house about half-past 5 o'clock Saturday evening and announced that he intended to kill himself, and wanted his grave dug. He sat down nd wanted his grave dug. He sat down | ja 23-2t* at Captain Disney's desk and, with tears fast flowing from his venerable eyes, wrote the following: " Captain Bigger: Dear Sir,-I bave

and you will please have me a grave dug in it and beside of my wife. All expenses will Yours respectfully, be paid. Captain Disney ordered him into a cell, where he was allowed to sober off. He is

section in the Poor-House burying-ground,

now thankful for the care taken of him by the officers, and will no doubt appreciate the kindness of our reporter in withholding his name. A BABY'S FIRST EXPERIENCE OF THE WORLD .- Mrs. Martini, the proprietor of a confectionery on Broad street between Third and Fourth, bad laid at her door on Saturday morning a female babe about two or three weeks old, warmly clad, and labelled "A present for Mrs. Martini."

Not desiring to accept the generous gift, she turned it over to the police, by whom it was taken in charge and conveyed to the alms-

CARRINGTON GUARD .- This company, commanded by Captain Richard M. Taylor, which has since its organization steadily grown in

ENOCH ARDEN AT THE THEATRE TO-NIGHT. Mr. Edwin Adams will appear at the Theatre to-night as Enoch Arden in the romantic drama of that name. His reputation as an actor, combined with the preparations that have been made to give him a good support, induce us to believe that his engagement will prove one of rare pleasure to our theatre-goers. Mr. Edwin Browne and wife will be in the cast.

ROCK THROWN THROUGH A HACK .- Policeman Sweeney Saturday evening arrested William Deane and John Jackson (colored boys), charged with throwing a rock into the window of a carriage which was passing up Broad street.

REPAIRED .- The asphalt pavement on Twelfth street between Franklin and Bank was repaired on Saturday, and is in good order once more.

New .- Under a rule recently adopted in upon it.

NOTARY PUBLIC APPOINTED .- The GOVernor on Saturday commissioned John M. Goodwin a notary public for Orange county.

IN BANKRUPTCY .- Thomas H. Harris, of this city, on Saturday filed his petition in bankruptcy with Register Forbes.

UNMAILABLE LETTERS REMAINING IN THE RICHMOND POST-OFFICE JANUARY 23, 1875 .-A. J. Bowers, 314 south Fourth street; Moses Myer, 100 east Broad street, corner of LOST, A FEW DAYS SINCE, A PIECE road, in the name of James Winston, dated in October 1864, and due in January 1865, for ten dolars and sixty-nine cents (\$10.69). Any person finding the same will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the office of the General Ticket Agent of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad. ja 25 St* First, city; Mr. Lucis, care of Dr. Bryce, 113 Marshall street; Mr. John Harrison, No. 7 Market street, Philadelphia, Pa.; Mr. Edward W. Swann, Hockley, Texas; Newbold & Sons, Nos. 18 and 20 Charles street, Baltimore, Md.; Mr. S. R. Ragland, city; Mrs. Va.; Lock-Box 283, Richmond post-office.

MANCHESTER NEWS.

LASHED AND JAILED .- Sydney Hicks (colored), who was caught Friday night in the hen-house of John Walls with a lot of chickens in a bag, was before the Mayor's Court CONTINUED .-- The case of Mary Danger-

REAL ESTATE SALES .-- Mr. Augustine Roy-PICTURES FOR THE STATE LIBRARY .- Two all, real estate agent, has sold thirty-three

field, charged with having in her possession

old oil-paintings representing Christopher feet of land to Mr. William Evans, in the

NO. 21.

Tribute of Respect.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Chesapeak

and Ohio Railroad Company, held on Tuesday the 19th day of January, 1875. the Scath of Mr. Wil-

LIAM H. ASPINWALL being announced, it was, on

Resplied, That, setting aside the business of the

our, it becomes us to express our feeling of pro-

found sorrow at the loss of our late associate and

A member of the present Board from the time of

vening years, Mr. ASPINWALL had endeared him-

seif to us as a judicious counsellor and an able co-

In pressing forward to completion this importan

work (the construction of the Chesapeake and Ohlo

It has pleased God to remove him from us, and

while we are especially called to mourn the loss of

one whose presence was very dear to us because of

his unbending lutegrity, well established character,

and great ability, we are painfully conscious that

his death will be very widely felt and deeply mment-

cd in the larger community of which he has always

een so conspicuous, honored, and weful a member.

Resolved, That this Board will esteem it a privi-

ege to attend the funeral of the deceased, and that

the secretary be directed to send a copy of the

above to the bereaved family in testimony of our

affectionate regard for our late #830clate and friend. By order of the Board of Directors.

THE ELMWOOD AND WARWICK COLLARS are

nade differently from any other. The edges are all

folded, and the surface is an exact imitation of

SANDAL TIES-IMPORTANT NOTICE TO LADIES

a new supply of those beautiful SANDAL TIES at

IF YOU WANT MEDICATED RED PLANNEL SHIRTS

rany other kind of underwear at low prices call

on our friends E. B. SPENCE & SON, 1300 Main

street. Their stock of gentlemen's furnishings and

ready-made clothing is varied, stylish, and cheap

ALL THAT GOES TO MAKE UP A GENTEEL AND

stylish outfit for a gentleman contemp'ailing

marriage may be had at E. B. SPENCE & Son's,

AUCTION SALES' THIS DAY.

WANTS.

DICHMOND SHIRT FACTORY, 905, BROAD STREET. WANTED, TWO FIRST-CLASS SHIRT-MAKERS by Wheeler & Wilson

COWS, COWS, COWS,-Wanted, several

good MILCH COWS fresh to the pail or near their time of calving. None but those that can be

warrauted to give over three gallons milk daily will suit. Apply immediately to CHARLES H. BALLIER, through post-office,

or at my residence, on Old Hermitage road, Hen rico county. ja 25-ecd31*

WANTED .-- A gentleman wishes BOARD in a private family. References given. Ad-

W ANTED.—Agents and the in a private family. References given. Address, stating terms, C. H. H., Dispatch office. ja 25-11*

WANTED, BOARDERS, - Two good

WANTED.-A YOUNG MAN desires a

VV SITUATION in some mercantile house, Business more of an object than wages at present, Address Messre, FERGUSON & RADY corner Fourteenth and Main streets,

j. 23-2.*

WANTED, for a quartette choir in one

SINGER with a full compuss of voice. It will be necessary that the applicant shall have a good musical education; one with some experience in church music preferred. The music to be rendered will be of the highest order. Address, with references, F. P. C., Richmond (Va.) post-office.

WANTED, an experienced NURSE. Apply, well recommended

WANTED, a COOK, WASHER and IRONER, either white or colored. Must come well recommended. Apply at Chesterield

WANTED, COLORED WOMEN.-

W wish to hire SIX or FIGHT GOOD COOKS WASHERS and IRONERS to live with private families in New York. Wages, \$12 to \$16 per

WANTED, TO LOAN EIGHT THOU SAND DOLLARS on improved, unit

BUSINESS WANTS.

PURCHASERS FOR

185 barrels No. 1 Baldwig and Gib-flower Apples
50 tarrels No. 1 Early Rose Potatoes,
90 sacks No. 1 Early Rose Potatoes,
50 barrels No. 1 Pearly to w Potatoes,
50 barrels No. 1 White and Red Onions,

receiving by Old Dominion steamship to-day.
70 sacks choice Feanuts.
27 sacks good Peanuts, to be sold on arrival,
receiving by Richmond and Petersburg railroad to

lay. 50 barrels choice Rye Flour by Powhatan steamer

The above goads are to be sold on arrival very 'ov

LOAN OFFICE BARGAINS.
On MONDAY, January 18, 1875, 1 shall expose
at private sale a large lot of forfeited piedges, conisting of 63 fine GOLD WATCHES, 81 CHAINS, 49

sisting of 63 fine GOLD WATCHES, 81 CHAINS, 49 RINGS, 67 sets *LEEVE and BOSOM BUTTONS, 6 DLAMOND RINGS, 3 DIAMOND STUDS, 15 sets of LADIES' PINS and KAR-KINGS, 2 pair elegant GOLD BAND BRACELETS, and many other articles, which will be offered at very low figures in order to

Insure ready sale.

Every one desirous of purchasing great bargains are respectfully invited to call and examine the

goods and hear the prices, at
S. A. WINSTOCK'S Loan Office,
ia 16-1m No. 17 Fourteenth street.

WANTED, ALL THE LADIES TO

W ANTED, ALL THE DADIES TO know that I have been appointed agent for the STATeN ISLAND DYEING-WORKS, and am prepared to receive all kinds of work, such as dresses, shawls, cleaks, feathers, gloves. Also, gentlemen's clothing scource-pants, 50 cents; whole suit, \$2-by the celebrated French Scourer and Champion Glove-Cleaner, T. FRENCH, de 15 No. 6 Night street, sign of Red Flag.

LOST, STRAYED, AND FOUND.

LOST OR MISLAID, a POCKET-CASE
Weeks ago. It was probably left at a patient's
house. A suitable reward will be paid for its return
to
WILLIAM W. PARKER, M. D.,
ja 25-11*
No. 714 Franklin street.

CTRAYED, FROM MY LOT,

No. 923 west Clay street, on last Friday night, a medium-sized LiGHT BAY MAKE MULE; had on at the time a blind bridle. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning her to me at the above-named place.

ja 25-21*

JOHN T. HOLT.

NOTICE is hereby given to whom it may concern that application will be made for renewal of Bond No. 71, due August 1st, 1871, of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, standing in the name of William H. Lyons on the books of said company, said bond having been lost.

MARY M. LYONS,

Administratrix de bonis non of w. H. Lyons, deceased.

MINCE-MEATS.

TO THE TRADE.—ATMORE'S MINCEmanufacturer and at his prices, 5,000 pounds of
ATMORE'S MINCE-MEAT, put up in barrels, halfbarrels, buckets, cans, and lars. All who have used
it say it is the best in the world. Liquor enough in
it to warrant it to keep twelve months. Black with
citron, currants, raisins, and spices: ready for use,
and no fear of its turning sour or fermenting like
most preparations offered for sale. Call and supply
yourselves at

L. J. BOSSIEUX'S,
1412 Main street

for cash. Call before buying clsewhere.
J. R. HOCKADAY,
13 23 2t 1528 Main street.

100 barrels choice Fatra Flour I a store,
100 barrels choice Family Flour in store,
100 barrels choice Superine Flour in store,
50 bags Blackeye Peas in store,
75 bags White Beans In store,
50 cases choice Canned Tomatoes in store,
The short good are to be wild on arrival.

WANTED, CUSTOMERS FOR

Real Estate Agent and Auctioneer, 1113 Main street.

month. Apply to

J. P. JUSTIS, Labor Agent,

No. 9 Fitteenth stree

umbered city real estate.
J. THOMPSON BROWN,

WANTED,

ply, well recommended, at 409 east Car

J. A. CERSLEY.

No. 9 Firteenth street,

of our city churches, a dirst-class SOPRANO

W. B. RATCLIFFE, 10% A. M., groceries, &c.

L. SIEGEL'S, 421 Broad street.

1300 Main street.

machine.

Dispatch office.

JAMES J. THACY, Secretary.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING: One square, twelve insertions ..

THE DISPATCH

DRUGS, MEDICINES. &c.

DOLK MILLER & CO., APOTHECARIES. CORNER NINTH AND MAIN STREETS. have for sale

have for sale

Leilue's Glycerine Hair-Tonic,
beilue's Eau Angelique (for the teeth),
Lyona's Tooth-Tablets,
Superior English Hair-Brushes,
Superior Finglish Tooth-Brushes,
Superior India Rubber Combs,
Hagan's Magnolia Balm,
Colgate's Tollet Waters,
Head's Grand Duchess Cologne,
Lutin's Ge-uire Extrac's.
Murray & Lanman's Florida Water,
German Farina Cologne,
French and English Pomades,
Hegeman's Camphor Ice,
Felt thest Protectors,

Felt thest Protectors, Turkish Bath-Towels; nd « full line or pure Drugs, Chemicals, and Phar-maceutical Preparations. ja 23-3m

MONDERFUL MEDICINE. THE FAMOUS GLOBE-FLOWER SYRUP from all the cares and duties of this life; and

CURFS, AS IF BY MAGIC, COLDS, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS OBSTINATE LUNG AFFECTIONS, ASTRMA. CFOUP, BLEFDING OF THE LUNGS, PLEURISY, DIFFICULTY OF BREATHING,

OSS OF VOICE, and will cure CONSUMPTION, is 50,000 grave-robbed witnesses testify. No opium; nothing poisonous; delicious to take ; the earthly savior to all afflicted with affections of the throat and lungs; bequeaths to posterity one of the greatest blessings-sound LUNGS and immunity

rom CONSUMPTION. Over one hundred thousand bottles have been used, and not a single failure known. Thousands of testimonials of wonverful cures, such as the following, can be seen at the office of the proprietors. No 60 Brond street, Atlanta. Ga., or will be sent on ap-

pifcation to any who doubt : RFAD! READ! CONSUMPTION CURED!

OFFICE OF O. SACKETT, Drugs and Medicines, NEW ALBANY, IND., April 10, 1874. NEW ALBANY, IND., April 10, 1874. }
Dr. J. S. Pendleton, Atlanta, Ga.: Dear Sir,—I
have received your circularc, and in consequence
of the distribution I have sold about six dozen
Globe Flower Syrup in the lattwo weeks. The
Globe Flower Syrup is gaining pratecelebrity. I
recommended it in two cases of consumption. One
case was bed-fast; had not laid on but one side for
two years; hemorrhages: lim st every day; much
chacated, and expected to sie. He has taken six
bottlez of Globe Flower Syrup; his troubles are all
gone, except pres ration, which is rapidly improving. He will certainly get well. The other case is
similar, with same good results. I can sent you
many testinonials if you want them.
Yours truly, &c.,

O. SACKETT.

For sale by Dr. J. S. PEMBERTON & Co., preprie-PURCELL, LADD & CC.

Wholesale Agents, Richmond, Va PURCELL, LADD & CO., DRUGGISTS.

No. 1216 MAIN STREET, RICHMOND, VA., bave constantly on hand a large stock of DRUGS. DYES, WINDOW-GLASS, PAINTS, OILS FOR PAINTING AND MACHINERY, CONCENTRATED : YE. ELASTIC - TOCKINGS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, TRUSSES, BANDAGES, PERFUMERY, FANCY SOAPS, GERMAN COLOGNE WATER, DITMAN'S SEA SALT, FOLGERA'S YEEPARATIONS.

FOUGERA'S PREPARATIONS, and a general assortment of PURE DRUGS and HAMICALS and a choice and well-selected assortment of all articles for sale in quantities to suit surchasers by PURCELL, LADD & CO., 1216 Main street, Richmond, Va.

GREAT FALL AND WINTER TONIC.

J. M. LARCQUE'S ELIXIR OF CALISAYA
BARK, a pleasant cordial, which strengthens and
improves the digestion. An excellent preventive
of FEVERS, FEVER AND AGUR, &c., &c.; and a
great tonle and renovator for invalids and debilitated persons. W. F. THORNTON, sole manufacturer, Baltimore. Sold by druggists generally.
ia 6-2m rooms with BOARD may be had on applica-tion at 117 Fighth stre-t, suitable for single gentle-men or a gentleman and wife. in 25-3t ja 6-2m WANTED, A FIRST-CLASS, ACTIVE, and EXPERIENCED SALESMAN, well acquainted with the city retail grocery and liquor trade. Address, with full name and references, X, Discrete office.

SIMMONS'S LIVER REGULATOR for all diseases of the Liver, Stomach, and Spleen.

It is eminently a Family Medicine; and by being kept ready for immedi-ate resort will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and dectors' bills. and doctors' bills.

After F. rty Years' trial it is still receiving the most unqualified testimosials of its virtues from persons of
the highest character and responsibility. Eminent physicians commend
it as the most it as the most

EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC for CONSTIPATION, HEADACHE. for CONSTIPATION, HEADACHE, PAIN IN the SHOULDFRS, 1-UZZI-NESS, SOUR STOMACH, bad taste in the MOUTH, BILIOUS ATTACKS. PALPITATION of the HEART, PAIN in the rigion of the KIDNEYS. DESPONDENCY, GLOOM, and forehoolings of EVIL, all of which are the offspring of a dispassed Liver. a diseased LIVER.

If you feel DULL. DROWSY, DEBILITATED. have frequent HEADACHE, MOUTH TASTES BADLY, POOR / PPATITE, and TONGUE COATED YOU are suf-fering from TORPID LIVER OF " FILIOUSNESS," and nothing will cure you so speedily and rermanently.

The LIVER, the largest organ in the body, is generally the seat of the disease, and if not REGULATED to time great suf-DEATH will ensue.

Armed with this ANTIDOTE, all climates and fear. As a remedy in MALARIOUS FEVERS,

THE CHEAPEST, PUREST, AND BEST FAMI-LY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD! "I have never seen or tried such a simple, efficacious, sat-isfactory, and pleasant reme-dy in my life."—H. HAINER, Et. Louis, Mo.

Hon. Alex. H. Stephens. "locca-lonally use, when my condition requires it. Doctor Simmons's Liver Fegulator with good effects"—Hox, ALEX. H. STEP. ENS. Governor of Alabama.

"Your Regulator has been in use in my family for some time, and I am persuaded it is a valu ble addition to the medical science."—Gov. J. GILL PHORTER, Ala. "I have used the Begulator in my family for the past seven'een years. I can safely recommend it to the world as
the best medicine I have ever
used for that class of diseases
it purports to cure,"—H. F.

THIGPEN. President of City Bank. "Simmons's Liver Regula-tor has proved a good and effi-e ctous medicine."-C. A.

NUTTING. Druggists. "We have been acquainted with Dr. Simmons's Liver with Dr. Simmons's Liver Medicine for more than twen-ty years, and know it to be the best Liver Regulator offered to the public."—M. R. LYON to the public."-M. R. LYON and H. L. LYON, Eelefou-

SIMMONS'S LIVER REGULATOR. For Dyspepsia. Constipution, Jaundice, Billous attacks, Sick Healuche, Colic, Depression of Spirits, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, &c., &c.,

IT HAS NO EQUAL. Is a faultiess family me licine. s sure to cure if taken regularly. Is no drastic, violent medicine. Does not interfere with business. is no intoxicating beverage. Contains the simplest and best remedies.

CAUTION. Buy no powders or prepared SIMMONS'S LIVER REGULATOR unless in our engraved wrapper with trade-mark, stamp, and signature unbroken; one other is genuine. J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,

Macon, Ga., and Philad-lphia. de 28-6m DOUBLE CHEST-PROTECTORS, of every size, imported from England, and sold MEAUE & BAKER'S drugstore. DITMAN'S SEA SALT, in 25 and 50c. packages Sold at MEADE & SAKER's drugstore. CHARCOAL BISCUIT and LOZENGES, for the rener and cure of foul breath, hearthdra, and dyspepsia. Sold at MEADA & HAKER'S drugstore.

CUTLER'S POCKET INHALERS after prompty which to sorethroat, broughtis, and catarrit. Sold at MEADE & BAKER'S drugstore.

PATE PECTORALY, ALUM and KINO LOZ-INGES, and CHLORATE OF POTASSA LOZ-INGES, for coughs, colds, and serethroat. Solds. MEADE & BAKER'S grugatore

PULLNA, FREIDRICHSHALL, and other Ruropean MINERAL WATERS, sold in all quantities
at MEADE & BAKER'S drugstore.
FRENCH CHOCOLATE with EXTRACT OF
REEF-very nutritions and pleasant to the taste,
Soldant MEADE & BAKER'S drugstore,
de 10 919 Main street,